§ 173.220

§173.220 1,3-Butylene glycol.

1,3-Butylene glycol (1,3-butanediol) may be safely used in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The substance meets the following specifications:
- (1) 1,3-Butylene glycol content: Not less than 99 percent.
- (2) Specific gravity at 20/20 °C: 1.004 to 1.006.
- (3) Distillation range: 200°-215 °C.
- (b) It is used in the minimum amount required to perform its intended effect.
- (c) It is used as a solvent for natural and synthetic flavoring substances except where standards of identity issued under section 401 of the act preclude such use.

§173.228 Ethyl acetate.

Ethyl acetate (CAS Reg. No. 141–78–6) may be safely used in food in accordance with the following conditions:

- (a) The additive meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, ¹ (Ethyl Acetate; p. 372, 3d Ed., 1981), which are incorporated by reference.
- (b) The additive is used in accordance with current good manufacturing practice as a solvent in the decaffeination of coffee and tea.

 $[47\ FR\ 146,\ Jan.\ 5,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 49\ FR\ 28548,\ July\ 13,\ 1984]$

§ 173.230 Ethylene dichloride.

A tolerance of 30 parts per million is established for ethylene dichloride in spice oleoresins when present therein as a residue from the extraction of spice; *Provided*, *however*, That if residues of other chlorinated solvents are also present the total of all residues of such solvents shall not exceed 30 parts per million.

§173.240 Isopropyl alcohol.

Isopropyl alcohol may be present in the following foods under the conditions specified:

- (a) In spice oleoresins as a residue from the extraction of spice, at a level not to exceed 50 parts per million.
- (b) In lemon oil as a residue in production of the oil, at a level not to exceed 6 parts per million.
- (c) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops at a level not to exceed 2.0 percent by weight: *Provided*, That.
- (1) The hops extract is added to the wort before or during cooking in the manufacture of beer.
- (2) The label of the hops extract specifies the presence of the isopropyl alcohol and provides for the use of the hops extract only as prescribed by paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

§ 173.250 Methyl alcohol residues.

Methyl alcohol may be present in the following foods under the conditions specified:

- (a) In spice oleoresins as a residue from the extraction of spice, at a level not to exceed 50 parts per million.
- (b) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops, at a level not to exceed 2.2 percent by weight; *Provided*, That:
- (1) The hops extract is added to the wort before or during cooking in the manufacture of beer.
- (2) The label of the hops extract specifies the presence of methyl alcohol and provides for the use of the hops extract only as prescribed by paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

§ 173.255 Methylene chloride.

Methylene chloride may be present in food under the following conditions:

- (a) In spice oleoresins as a residue from the extraction of spice, at a level not to exceed 30 parts per million; *Provided*, That, if residues of other chlorinated solvents are also present, the total of all residues of such solvents shall not exceed 30 parts per million.
- (b) In hops extract as a residue from the extraction of hops, at a level not to exceed 2.2 percent, *Provided*, That:

¹Copies may be obtained from: National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418 or examined at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr-locations.html.